

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION, solely in its capacities as
Trustees,

Plaintiffs,

v.

DISH DBS CORPORATION, DISH
NETWORK L.L.C., ECHOSTAR
INTERCOMPANY RECEIVABLE
COMPANY, L.L.C., DISH DBS ISSUER, LLC,
and DBS INTERCOMPANY RECEIVABLE
COMPANY L.L.C.,

Defendants.

**STIPULATED CONFIDENTIALITY
AGREEMENT AND PROTECTIVE
ORDER**

No. 1:24-cv-3646 (JGLC)

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), Plaintiffs, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, solely in its capacities as Trustees (“Plaintiffs”), and Defendants, DISH DBS Corporation (“DBS”), DISH Network L.L.C. (“Network LLC”), EchoStar Intercompany Receivable Company, L.L.C. (“SATS Receivable”), DISH DBS Issuer, LLC (“DBS Issuer”), and DBS Intercompany Receivable Company L.L.C. (“DBS Receivable”) (each a “Party” and, collectively, the “Parties”) hereby stipulate to the following confidentiality agreement and protective order (the “Protective Order”) limiting the review, copying, use, dissemination, and filing of confidential and/or proprietary documents (“Documents”), electronically stored information (“ESI”), tangible things (“Tangible Things”), and testimony (“Testimony”), as those terms are used in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (all four of the preceding terms together, “Discovery Material”), to be produced in the course of discovery in this matter to the extent set forth below.

Any Party for good cause shown may apply to the Court for modification of this Order. The Court reserves its inherent power to modify the terms of this Order and permit the disclosure of information where the interest of justice so requires. This Court will retain jurisdiction over all persons subject to this Order to the extent necessary to enforce any obligations arising hereunder or to impose sanctions for any contempt thereof.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Parties have sought or may seek Discovery Material in connection with the above-captioned action (the “Action”), as provided by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (the “Federal Rules”), the Local Rules of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (the “Local Rules”), and the Individual Rules and Practices in Civil Cases of the Honorable District Court Judge Jessica G.L. Clarke (the “Chambers’ Rules”);

WHEREAS, there are certain persons or entities other than the Parties hereto that may also be served with Discovery Requests during the course of this Action;

WHEREAS, the Parties request that this Court issue a protective order pursuant to Federal Rule 26(c) to protect the confidentiality of non-public information and competitively sensitive information produced during discovery in the Action;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and premises set forth herein, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, and to facilitate and expedite the production, exchange, and treatment of Discovery Material, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality, and to protect Discovery Material that a Party or non-Party seeks to maintain as confidential, the Parties stipulate and agree as follows:

I. DEFINITIONS

As used herein:

- A. “Action” shall mean this litigation in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, styled as *U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association vs. DISH DBS Corp., et al.*, No. 1:24-cv-3646.
- B. “Confidential” shall mean material or information that qualifies for production under Federal Rule 26(c), including (i) any information that has not been made generally available to the public and the disclosure of which the designating party contends would cause material harm or a competitive disadvantage to the designating party’s business operations or their personal, business, or privacy interests; (ii) data derived from such Confidential information, including any summaries, compilations, quotes, or paraphrases thereof; and (iii) any other oral, written, or recorded material that consists of or contains trade secrets.
- C. “Discovery Material” shall mean items or information produced or disclosed in connection with this Action, including items or information obtained from any Non-Party, regardless of the medium or manner in which such items or information were generated, stored, or maintained. This includes, *inter alia*, testimony, transcripts, documents, electronically stored information (“ESI”), and tangible things produced in discovery, and other discovery responses.
- D. “Final Disposition” shall be deemed the later of:
 - 1. Dismissal of all claims and defenses in this Action, with or without prejudice; or
 - 2. Final judgment issued after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this Action, including time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.
- E. “Highly Confidential” shall refer to extremely sensitive “Confidential” information

or material, disclosure of which to another Party or Non-Party could cause or create a substantial risk of harm to the Producing Party.

- F. “Non-Party” shall mean any individual or entity who is not a Party to this Action or Outside Counsel therefor.
- G. “Outside Counsel” shall mean attorneys who are not employees of a Party to this Action but are retained to represent or advise a Party to this Action and have appeared in this Action on behalf of a Party or are employed by a law firm that has appeared on behalf of that Party.
- H. “Party” shall mean any party to this Action.
- I. “Producing Party” shall mean any Party or Non-Party who discloses or produces any Discovery Material in this Action.
- J. “Protected Material” shall mean any Discovery Material designated using any of the designations provided for in §IV(A) of this Order.
- K. “Receiving Party” shall mean any Party who receives Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

II. SCOPE AND LIMITATIONS

- A. Disclosure of Protected Material designated under the terms of this Order is prohibited except as expressly provided herein. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party only for prosecuting, defending, otherwise litigating, or attempting to settle this Action. Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order.
- B. Unless otherwise amended, modified, superseded, or terminated, this Order shall remain in effect through Final Disposition of this Action. After Final Disposition of this Action, the obligations and restrictions imposed by this Order with respect

to a Producing Party's Protected Material shall remain in effect until the Producing Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. The Court shall retain jurisdiction after Final Disposition of this Action to hear and resolve any disputes arising out of this Order.

- C. The protections conferred by this Order apply to Discovery Material and to any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, and all testimony, conversations, and presentations by the Parties or their counsel in Court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.
- D. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protection on all information exchanged during discovery in this Action. Designations under this Order shall be made only with a reasonable, good-faith belief that the Discovery Material satisfies the criteria set forth herein. If it comes to a Producing Party's attention that designated Discovery Material does not qualify for protection under this Order, or does not qualify for the level of protection initially asserted, then the Producing Party shall timely notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing or changing the designation of that Discovery Material.
- E. Protections conferred by this Order do not cover:
 - 1. Any information that was in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or that becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order; and
 - 2. Any information known to be in the possession, custody, or control of the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party

after the disclosure from a source that obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Producing Party.

- F. Nothing in this Order shall prevent or restrict a Producing Party's disclosure or use of its own Discovery Material for any purpose.
- G. Nothing in this Order shall prevent or restrict Outside Counsel from advising their clients with respect to this Action based in whole or in part upon Protected Material, provided Outside Counsel does not disclose the Protected Material itself except as permitted by this Order.
- H. Nothing in this Order shall abridge the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future. By stipulating to this Order, the Parties do not waive the right to argue that Discovery Material may require lesser, additional, or otherwise different protections than those set forth herein.
- I. Nothing in this Order shall be construed to waive a Party's right to object to the disclosure or production of any Discovery Material. No Party waives its right to object on any ground to entry into evidence of any Discovery Material covered by this Order. This Order shall not constitute a waiver of the right of any Party to claim in this Action or otherwise that any Discovery Material, or portion thereof, is privileged or otherwise protected from discovery, or is inadmissible as evidence in this Action or any other proceeding.
- J. This Order shall be binding upon the Parties, their Outside Counsel, and their successors, executors, personal representatives, administrators, heirs, legal representatives, assigns, subsidiaries, divisions, employees, agents, retained consultants and experts, and any persons or organizations over which they have direct control.

- K. The computation of any period of time prescribed or allowed by this Order shall be governed by the provisions for computing time set forth in Federal Rule 6(a) and 6(d).

III. STORAGE AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

- A. A Receiving Party shall maintain Protected Material in a manner that is secure and demonstrates a standard of due and proper care sufficient to safeguard against unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure. A Producing Party may specify the minimal level of cybersecurity protection expected in the storage and transfer of its Protected Material.
- B. In the event that a Receiving Party experiences a data breach affecting Protected Material, it shall promptly notify the Producing Party of the incident and cooperate with the Producing Party to address and remedy the breach. Nothing in this Order shall preclude the Producing Party from asserting legal claims or constitute a waiver of legal rights and defenses in the event of litigation arising out of the Receiving Party's failure to appropriately protect Protected Material from unauthorized disclosure.
- C. A Receiving Party shall maintain copies of Exhibit A signed by any individual Party or any employee, officer, director of the Receiving Party or any contractor, consultant, or expert engaged by the Receiving Party for a period of at least three (3) years following Final Disposition of this Action.

IV. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

- A. A Producing Party may designate Discovery Material as Protected Material using any of the following designations:
1. "CONFIDENTIAL" - applying to any information or material qualifying for protection under Federal Rule 26(c), including but not limited to any

Confidential information, any non-public business information or material or any information or material containing personally identifiable information (“PII”) (e.g., social security numbers, financial account numbers, birth dates, addresses, phone numbers, license numbers, passwords, and any other information that could be used to identify an individual).

2. “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” - applying to any Highly Confidential information or material, disclosure of which could cause or create a substantial risk of harm to the Producing Party, including but not limited to:
 - i. information constituting trade secrets as defined by the Uniform Trade Secrets Act;
 - ii. proprietary or commercially sensitive business information such as strategic plans, projections of future financial or operational performance, information related to potential mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, or asset sales, or information regarding future projects not yet commercially released;
 - iii. information obtained from a Non-Party pursuant to an operative non-disclosure agreement;
 - iv. non-public commercial agreements, settlement agreements, or settlement communications; and/or
 - v. highly sensitive personal information such as personal financial information or personal health information (“PHI”).

- B. To designate Discovery Material consisting of written discovery or documents, the Producing Party shall affix a legend or stamp on each page of the written material

with the appropriate designation as outlined in §IV(A) in a manner that does not interfere with the legibility of the document. The Producing Party shall use reasonable efforts to ensure that the legend or stamp remains visible when text is extracted from the document or when Optical Character Recognition is applied and shall not use a watermark. In the case of ESI produced in native format, the Producing Party shall add the appropriate designation to such document's file name and affix a legend or stamp with the appropriate designation on the slip-sheet associated with the file.

- C. Parties or testifying persons or entities may designate depositions and other testimony with the appropriate designation as outlined in §IV(A) by sending written notice of the designation within thirty (30) days of receiving the transcript of the testimony. During the pendency of the 30-day period, all information disclosed during a deposition shall be treated as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" in its entirety, but thereafter only to the extent designated by any Party. Any Protected Material used in the taking of a deposition shall remain subject to the provisions of this Order, along with the transcript pages of the deposition testimony dealing with such Protected Material.
- D. All Protected Material not reduced to documentary form or which cannot be conveniently designated as set forth in §§IV(B) and (C) shall be designated by the Producing Party by informing the Receiving Party of the designation in writing prior to or at the time of production.
- E. Any documents or physical objects made available for initial inspection to the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel prior to production of those documents or objects or copies thereof shall be treated as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" in their entirety. Following initial inspection, the

Producing Party shall have a reasonable time not less than thirty (30) days to review and appropriately designate such documents and objects prior to furnishing them, or copies thereof, to the Receiving Party.

V. DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

A. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the designating party, Protected Material designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” may be disclosed only to the following:

1. Any Party’s Outside Counsel and employees therefor assigned to and necessary to assist such Outside Counsel in the preparation and trial of this Action, including paralegals, law clerks, and stenographic and clerical employees but excluding any Non-Party consultants, experts, or investigators;
2. In-house counsel for any Party who either have responsibility for making decisions dealing directly with the litigation of this Action or who are assisting Outside Counsel in the litigation of this Action, as well as any staff assigned to and reasonably necessary to assist such in-house counsel in the litigation of this Action;
3. Individual Parties and employees, officers, or directors of a Party, but only to the extent such individuals are reasonably necessary to the litigation of this Action and provided such individuals affirm their agreement to abide by this Order by executing a copy of Exhibit A;
4. Any expert, consultant, or other outside advisor retained by a Receiving Party or its Outside Counsel to assist in the litigation of this Action, provided that the expert, consultant, or other outside advisor subject to this

subpart affirms their agreement to abide by this Order by executing a copy of Exhibit A prior to the disclosure of any Protected Material thereto. A Party that retains any expert, consultant, or other outside advisor that executes a copy of Exhibit A shall provide a copy of the executed version of Exhibit A to the other Parties within three (3) business days of executing the agreement.

5. Any litigation-support service providers retained by a Party or their Outside Counsel reasonably necessary to assist with this litigation of this Action, such as court reporters, stenographers, or videographers; graphics or design services; translators; photocopy, document imaging, or database service providers; or jury and/or trial consulting services, including mock jurors, provided that such individuals or entities affirm their agreement to abide by this Order by executing a copy of Exhibit A;
6. The Court and its personnel, any technical advisors appointed by the court, members of a jury empaneled in this Action, and any mediator assigned to hear this Action and their staff;
7. Any other person with the prior written consent of the Producing Party.

- B. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by a Producing Party, Protected Material designated as “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL—ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” may be disclosed only to those individuals and entities and under the circumstances set forth in §V(A)(1) and §§V(A)(4) through (7).

VI. CHALLENGING DESIGNATIONS OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

- A. A Party shall not be obligated to challenge the propriety of any designation of Discovery Material made pursuant to this Order at the time the designation is made

by the Producing Party and a failure to do so shall not preclude a subsequent challenge to the propriety of any designation.

- B. A Receiving Party may challenge the designation of Discovery Material as Protected Material at any time, provided that the challenge is reasonable and made in good faith, made in writing, identifies with particularity the Discovery Material for which designation should be modified or withdrawn, states clearly the grounds for the objection, and is served upon Outside Counsel for the Producing Party.
- C. Challenges to the designation of Discovery Material shall be resolved in accordance with the following procedures:
 - 1. If the Producing Party does not agree to withdraw its designation or re-designate the Discovery Material in accordance with the Receiving Party's challenge within five (5) days of receipt of the challenge, the Parties shall meet and confer within seven (7) days of receipt of the challenge and make a good-faith effort to resolve the dispute.
 - 2. If the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute through conferral, the Receiving Party may bring the dispute to the Court for a ruling that the Discovery Material in question is not entitled to the protection conferred by this Order based on the Producing Party's designation. The Producing Party shall have the burden of justifying the designation.
 - 3. Notwithstanding any challenge, the Discovery Material in question shall continue to be treated as required by this Order as designated by the Producing Party until the Producing Party withdraws or modifies the designation in writing or the Court orders that the Discovery Material is not entitled to the designation.

VII. FAILURE TO DESIGNATE BY PRODUCING PARTY

- A. A Producing Party's failure to designate Discovery Material as Protected Material as provided for in this Order at the time of production, or its application of a designation provided under §IV(A) to Discovery Material at the time of production, shall not preclude the Producing Party from adding or applying a different designation to Discovery Material at a later date if the Producing Party has a reasonable, good-faith basis to add or modify the designation. The Producing Party shall notify the Receiving Party of such a change in writing, identify with particularity the Discovery Material for which it is adding or modifying the designation, and serve such notification upon Outside Counsel for the Receiving Party.
- B. It shall not be considered a breach of this Order for a Receiving Party to use Discovery Material in accordance with its designation, or lack thereof, pursuant to this Order prior to receiving notice from a Producing Party of that Party's failure to designate or application of an incorrect designation to such Discovery Material. Once a Receiving Party has received notice of a Producing Party's failure to designate or mis-designation of Discovery Material pursuant to §IX(A), the Receiving Party shall treat the identified Discovery Material at the designated level asserted in the notice pursuant to the terms of this Order. To the extent that Discovery Material implicated by the notice may have already been disclosed to persons not authorized by §V of this Order to see such Protected Material, the Receiving Party shall notify the Producing Party of such disclosure within fourteen (14) days of receiving the notice and take reasonable measures to retrieve information from such persons and to limit any further unauthorized disclosure.

- C. Any challenges to a Producing Party's additional or modified designation of Protected Material made pursuant to §IX(A) shall follow the procedures set forth in §VIII(C) of this Order.

VIII. UNAUTHORIZED OR INADVERTENT DISCLOSURE BY THE RECEIVING PARTY

- A. A Producing Party knowing or believing in good faith that a Receiving Party is in violation of or intends to violate any provision of this Order shall notify the Receiving Party in writing of its concern, identifying specifically those actions taken or expected to be taken that allegedly constitute a violation of this Order. If the Parties are unable to resolve the concern through conferral within ten (10) days of the notification, the Producing Party may move the Court for such relief as may be appropriate under the circumstances after the conferral.
- B. In the event a Receiving Party discloses any Protected Material to any person(s) or entity not authorized to receive such disclosure under the terms of this Order, the Receiving Party shall notify Outside Counsel the Producing Party whose Protected Material has been disclosed within three (3) days of discovery of the disclosure, which notification shall include all relevant information concerning the nature and circumstances of the disclosure. The Receiving Party shall promptly make its best efforts to retrieve the improperly disclosed Protected Material and take any reasonable steps to ensure that no further or greater unauthorized disclosure and/or use thereof is made. The Receiving Party shall also request that any persons or entities that received the unauthorized disclosure execute Exhibit A and shall maintain copies of those executed agreements in accordance with §III(A).
- C. Unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure by a Receiving Party shall not be deemed a publication of any Discovery Material, nor shall it alter the ability of the Producing

Party to designate Protected Material under this Order or waive the Producing Party's right to assert the confidential or proprietary status of that Protected Material.

IX. SUBPOENAS, DOCUMENT DEMANDS, OR COURT ORDERS AFFECTING ANOTHER PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL

If any person or entity possessing Protected Material is subpoenaed or served with a demand, regulatory inquiry, or court order to produce documents in another action or proceeding and such subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order requests the production of Protected Material produced by another Party or Non-Party in this Action, the person or entity receiving the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order shall provide notice to Outside Counsel for the Producing Party within seven (7) days of receiving the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order, which notice shall include a copy of the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order (to the extent permissible by law), and expressly identify the date for compliance. The person or entity receiving the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order shall also notify within the same period the person or entity that issued or caused the issuance of the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order that some or all of the documents requested are subject to the protections of this Protective Order, which notification shall include a copy of this Order. The person or entity receiving the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order shall not produce Protected Material in response to the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order until the earlier of fourteen (14) days after providing notice to the Producing Party or the date for compliance listed in the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order. If the Producing Party timely seeks protection from the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order, the person or entity subject to the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order shall not produce any Protected Material prior to a determination of the Producing Party's motion or request, unless the Producing Party provides written authorization for production. If the issuing person or entity does not rescind or otherwise modify its request in

order to exclude the production of Protected Material and the Producing Party does not move for protection or protection is denied to the Producing Party, the person or entity subject to the subpoena, demand, regulatory inquiry, or order may produce Protected Material only to the extent reasonably necessary to comply with the subpoena, demand, or order.

X. USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL AT DEPOSITIONS

A. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or the Producing Party objects in writing at least fourteen (14) days prior to scheduled testimony, the following persons may be examined as a witness at depositions and/or trial and may testify concerning Protected Material:

1. Any Federal Rule 30(b)(6) designee of the Producing Party or its affiliates;
2. A current director, officer, and/or employee of the Producing Party or its affiliates;
3. A former director, officer, and/or employee of the Producing Party or its affiliates, provided that, the Protected Material is dated during the tenure of such person's time with the Producing Party and/or its affiliates;
4. Any Non-Party having prior knowledge of Protected Material as a result of having served as a representative of the Producing Party or by virtue of prior contact or relationship with the Producing Party. Prior knowledge may be established from the face of the Protected Material or from other documents or testimony provided in this Action;
5. Any other individual qualified to receive the Protected Material pursuant to §V of this Order.

B. During a deposition in this Action, a Party or Non-Party making a reasonable, non-frivolous claim that information to be disclosed or upon which questions may be based is Protected Material may exclude from the room for that portion of the

deposition any person who is not qualified to receive the Protected Material pursuant to §§V or XIII(A) of this Order.

XI. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL WITH THE COURT

All documents (including but not limited to any motions or briefs or exhibits thereto) filed with the Court that seek or purport to include Protected Material shall be accompanied by a motion to file the Protected Material under seal in a manner that complies with ~~the Court's local rules and/or standing orders and any other applicable orders or rules.~~ **the Court's individual rules and practices, the Court's local rules, any standing orders, and any other applicable orders or rules.** ~~The Parties agree to work in good faith to stipulate to such motions in a manner that ensures timely filing. If any Party fails to stipulate to the filing of documents under seal, any other Party may move the Court for sealing on an expedited schedule. No Protected Material shall be included in any filing with the Court until after the Court rules on the motion to seal. Protected Material may be filed under seal promptly upon the granting of a motion to file under seal (whether stipulated or not) and will be considered as though filed at the same time as the motion. If for any reason the Court determines that any Protected Material should not be filed under seal, the Protected Material in question shall not be publicly filed with the Court for five (5) days after entry of the Court's order to allow the Producing Party time to decide whether to seek appellate relief. If reasonably practicable, only those documents or pages or portions thereof containing material that qualifies for protection under this Order and applicable laws and rules shall be filed under seal. All Protected Material filed under seal shall be appropriately designated pursuant to §IV of this Order. A Party filing documents under seal is not required to serve those documents on other Parties, provided that the filing Party has identified such documents by Bates label in its motion to seal and has previously produced such documents in this Action under the terms of this Order. However, a Party filing documents under seal shall serve those documents on another Party upon that Party's reasonable and particularized request.~~

XII. NON-PARTY USE OF THIS PROTECTIVE ORDER

A Party that subpoenas or requests documents from a Non-Party in this Action shall serve with such a subpoena or request a copy of this Protective Order and shall notify the Non-Party of their right to designate Discovery Material produced in this Action as Protected Material. Any Non-Party receiving Protected Material in this Action as provided for in §§V or XIII must execute Exhibit A to this Order. Non-Parties producing Discovery Material in this Action, whether voluntarily or pursuant to a Court order, may designate such Discovery Material in the same manner as any Party to this Action and such Protected Material shall receive the same level of protection as that produced by any Party pursuant to this Order.

XII. PRIVILEGE CONSIDERATIONS

- A. Nothing in this Order shall be construed to require the production of information protected from disclosure by the attorney-client privilege, the work-product doctrine, or any other privilege, doctrine, right, or immunity. Producing Parties shall have the right to review documents or tangible things, as such terms are used in Federal Rule 34(a), for relevance, responsiveness, and/or segregation of privileged and/or protected information prior to production.
- B. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d), the production of privileged or work-product-protected Discovery Material, whether inadvertent or otherwise, is not a waiver of privilege or protection from discovery in this Action or in any other federal or state proceeding. A Producing Party may assert privilege or protection over Discovery Material at any time by notifying the Receiving Party in writing of the assertion of privilege or protection. The Receiving Party shall return or destroy Discovery Material that contains privileged matter or protected work product immediately upon request or notification by the Producing Party.
- C. The Receiving Party shall notify the Producing Party of any Discovery Material

that appears to contain the Producing Party's privileged or work-product-protected information if such information appears to have been inadvertently produced. The Receiving Party shall immediately sequester such Discovery Material until receiving confirmation from the Producing Party as to whether the information contained therein is subject to a claim of privilege or protection. If the Producing Party confirms that the Discovery Material in question is subject to a claim of privilege or protection and was inadvertently produced, the Receiving Party shall immediately return or destroy such Discovery Material. If the Producing Party confirms that the Discovery Material was intentionally produced or is otherwise not subject to a claim of privilege or protection, the Receiving Party may use the Discovery Material subject to any other restrictions contained in this Order.

- D. Nothing in this Order shall prevent the Receiving Party from challenging the propriety of a Producing Party's claim of attorney-client privilege or work-product protection or any other applicable privilege or immunity. To the extent such challenges cannot be resolved through conferral, the Receiving Party may submit a challenge to a Producing Party's privilege claim to the Court.

XVII. RETURN OR DESTRUCTION OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

- A. No later than sixty (60) days after Final Disposition of this Action, unless the Parties have otherwise agreed in writing, all Protected Material shall, at the option of the Producing Party, be destroyed or returned to the Outside Counsel of the Producing Party.
1. Notwithstanding the requirements of §XVII(A), Outside Counsel may retain for its files any attorney work product, one (1) archival copy of any filings with the Court, one (1) archival copy of any transcripts of trial,

deposition, or hearing testimony and any exhibits thereto, and one (1) archival copy of any expert reports prepared for this Action without redacting any Protected Material. Outside Counsel may also retain any Discovery Material necessary to comply with a Court order or meet client contractual obligations or ethical obligations or as required by its professional liability insurer without redacting Protected Material. Outside Counsel may retain Discovery Material for use in any legal proceeding relating to its representation of a client in this Action, but shall not disclose Protected Material in such a proceeding without ensuring that a protective order is entered that provides equal or greater protection than that provided for in this Order.

2. Notwithstanding the requirements of §XVII(A), outside consultants or experts shall be permitted to retain one (1) archival copy of any expert report prepared for this Action.

B. No later than ninety (90) days after Final Disposition of this Action, unless the Parties have otherwise agreed in writing, Parties and Non-Parties that received any Protected Material shall certify in writing that all such Protected Material has been destroyed or returned to the Outside Counsel of the Producing Party except as otherwise provided for herein. Receiving Parties who provided Protected Material to Exhibit A signees shall be responsible for obtaining the required certification from such persons or entities.

C. Any Protected Material that is not destroyed or returned in accordance with this Order shall remain subject to the terms of this Order until such time as it is destroyed or returned to Outside Counsel for the Producing Party.

[Signature Pages Follow]

Dated: New York, N.Y.
October 22, 2024

/s/ Samir L. Vora

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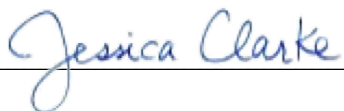
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Attorneys for Defendants

SO ORDERED

Dated: October 23, 2024



Hon. Jessica G. L. Clarke
United States District Judge

EXHIBIT A

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL)	
ASSOCIATION, solely in its capacities as)	
Trustees,)	
)	
<i>Plaintiffs,</i>)	
)	
v.)	No. 1:24-cv-3646 (JGLG)
)	
DISH DBS CORPORATION, DISH)	
NETWORK L.L.C., ECHOSTAR)	
INTERCOMPANY RECEIVABLE)	
COMPANY, L.L.C., DISH DBS ISSUER, LLC,)	
and DBS INTERCOMPANY RECEIVABLE)	
COMPANY L.L.C.,)	
)	
<i>Defendants.</i>)	
)	
)	

**AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND BY THE STIPULATED CONFIDENTIALITY
AGREEMENT AND PROTECTIVE ORDER**

I, _____ [insert name] employed as _____

[insert title] by _____ [insert employer] hereby certify that:

I have read in its entirety and understood this Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order (the “Protective Order”) that was issued by the Court in the above-captioned matter (the “Action”). I agree to comply with and to be bound by all terms of the Protective Order and I understand that a failure to comply could expose me to civil or criminal sanctions. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose any Protected Material subject to the Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the terms of the Protective Order. I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the above-captioned Court for the purpose of enforcing the terms of

the Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after Final Disposition of this Action.

Dated: _____

City and State where Sworn and Signed: _____

Printed Name: _____

Signature: _____